Great Corby School and Nursery



Art and Design

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is organised across **seven areas of learning** rather than subject areas.

- Communication and Language
- Personal, social and emotional development
- Physical development
- Literacy
- Mathematics
- Understanding the World
- Expressive art and design.

Alongside the seven areas of learning are the Characteristics of effective teaching and learning.

In planning and guiding what children learn, practitioners must reflect on the different rates at which children are developing and adjust their practice appropriately.

Three characteristics of effective teaching and learning are:

- playing and exploring children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'
- active learning children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements
- creating and thinking critically children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things

Taken from Development Matters revised 2021

The aim of this document is to help subject leaders to understand how the skills taught across EYFS feed into national curriculum subjects.

Children are given opportunities to develop their own play and independent exploration through our vision of curiosity and wonder. Communication and Language and Personal, Social and Emotional Development are intertwined in everything we do.

This document demonstrates which statements from the revised 2021 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for **Art and Design** within the national curriculum. The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for **Art and Design**.

The most relevant statements for Art and Design are taken from the following areas of learning: • Expressive Arts and Design

Art and Des	ign					
Development Matters			Vocabulary	Examples of how this is achieved in EYFS	Art and Design in Key Stage 1	
Birth to three	Physical Development•Walk, run, jump and climb (developing gross motor skills) • Use large and small motor skills to do things independently, for example manage and zips, and our drinks. •Develop manipulation and 		 Artist Draw Pencil Brush Colour Paint Shade Pattern Picture Pastels Design Create Texture 	 Drawing self-portraits Drawing and painting pictures of their family. Transient art – Art without Glue using a variety of resources both natural and man-made. Inspired by Autumn, theme of dark and light. Art work inspired by books – The dot, owl babies, Handa's surprise. Black History Art – Kente cloth Creating art inspired by famous Artist, e.g Andy Goldsworthy / Vincent Van Gogh. 	 To use a range of materials creatively to design and make product. To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. 	
Three and Four-Year- Olds	Physical Development	 Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. Explore different materials 		 Designing and creating a house for an animal. Adapting work where necessary. Child-led activities e.g Making kites. Leaf man link – Creating their own pictures using Autumn leaves. Exploring a range of media throughout the year – pens, pencils, crayons, 	• Explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.	

		ideas about how to use them and	watercelours, brushe inks
		what to make.	watercolours, brusho inks,
			wool, material etcto name
		• Develop their own ideas and	some.
		then decide which materials to	Outdoor art using a range
		use to express them.	of mark making materials
		Join different materials and	such as paint rollers and
		explore different textures.	different sized brushes on a
		 Create closed shapes with 	large scale.
		continuous lines, and begin to use	Craft Area enables
		these shapes to represent	children to self-select
		objects.	resources that they need /
		 Draw with increasing 	want to test out including
		complexity and detail, such as	masking tape and glue to
		representing a face with a circle	join.
		and including details.	•Tinkering shed
		 Use drawing to represent ideas 	
		like movement or loud noises.	
		 Show different emotions in 	
		their drawings and paintings, like	
		happiness, sadness, fear, etc.	
		 Explore colour and colour 	
		mixing.	
Children in	Physical Development	Develop their small motor skills	
Reception		so that they can use a range of	
-		tools competently, safely and	
		confidently. • Use their core	
		muscle strength to achieve a	
		good posture when sitting at a	
		table or sitting on the floor. •	
		Develop overall body-strength,	
		balance, coordination and agility.	
	Expressive Arts and Design	• Explore, use and refine a variety	
		of artistic effects to express their	
		ideas and feelings. • Return to	
		and build on their previous	
		learning, refining ideas and	
		developing their ability to	
		represent them. • Create	

			collaboratively, sharing ideas,
			resources and skills.
ELG	Expressive	Creating	•Children at the expected level of
	Arts and	with	development will: - Safely use
	Design	Materials	and explore a variety of materials,
			tools and techniques,
			experimenting with colour,
			design, texture, form and
			function; - Share their creations,
			explaining the process they have
			used; •Make use of props and
			materials when role playing
			characters in narratives and
			stories.
	Physical	Fine Motor	 Use a range of small tools,
	Development	Skills	including scissors, paint brushes
			and cutlery;
			•Begin to show accuracy and care
			when drawing.

Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2
Pupils should be taught:	Pupils should be taught:
 To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. 	 To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] About great artists, architects and designers in history.

			Subject Overview Cycle A		
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1 Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	and Personal, Social and Er	motional Development are ir ents for Art and Design taken tional Development I.	blay and independent exploration through our visio itertwined in everything we do. from the following areas of learning:	n of curiosity and wonder. Com	nmunication and Language
Class 1	Drawing: Make Your Mark Developin g observational drawing skillswhen exploring mark- making . Children use a range of tools, investigating how texture can be created in drawings. They apply their skills to a collaborativepiece using music as a stimulus and investigate artists Bridget Riley and Zaria Forman.	Painting and Mixed Media: Colour Splash Exploring colour mixing through paint play, children use a range of tools and work on different surfaces. They create paintings inspired by Clarice Cliff and Jasper Johns.	Sculpture and 3D: Paper Play Creating simple three dimensional shapes and structures using familiar materials, children develop skills in manipulating paper and card. They fold,roll and scrunch materials to make theirown sculpture inspired by the 'Tree of life' screen at the Sidi Saiyyed Mosque. There are opportunities to extend learning to make a collaborative sculptural piece based on the art ofLouise Bourgeois.	Craft and Design: Woven Wonders Exploring the idea that they are artists and makers; reflecting on what makes an activity 'art' or 'craft'.	
Class 2	Drawing: Growing Artists Using botanical drawings and scientific plant studies as inspiration, pupils	Painting & Mixed Media: Light and Dark Developing colour mixing skills, using shades and tints to show form and	Sculpture and 3D: Abstract shape and space. Exploring how shapes and negative spaces can be represented by three dimensional forms. Manipulating a range of materials, children learn waysto joir and create free standing structures inspired	<u>Craft and Design: Ancient Egyptian Scrolls</u> Learning about the way colour, scale and pattern influenced ancient Egyptianart, children explore the technique of papermaking to create a papyrus-style scru Ideas are extended to create a	

	techniques of artists such asGeorgia O'Keefe and Maud Purdy to draw natural forms, becoming aware of differences in the choice of drawing medium, scale and the way tonalshading can help create form.	dimensions when painting. Pupils learn about composition and plan their own still life to paint, applyingchosen techniques.				
Class 3	Sculpture and 3D: Interactive Installation Using inspiration of historical monuments and modern installations, children plan by researching and drawing, a sculpture to fit a design brief. They investigate scale, the display environment and possibilities for viewer interaction with their piece.	<u>Craft and Design: Architect</u> Investigating the built through drawing and p learning about the wo Hadid and creating the designs, creatively pre artist Hundertwasser a behind the symbolism of monument design.	environment printmaking, rk of architect Zaha eir own building sentingresearch on andexploring ideas	Painting and Mixed Medi Investigating self-portr artists, children use ph themselves as a startin their own unique self- media.	aits by a range of otographs of g point for developing	Drawing: Make my voice heard On a journey from the Ancient Maya to modern-day street art, children explore how artists convey a message. They begin to understand how artists use imagery and symbols as well as drawingtechniques like expressive mark making, tone and the dramatic light and dark effect called 'chiaroscuro'.

Subject Ove	erview Cycle <u>B</u>					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	and Personal, Social and Er	motional Development are in ents for Art and Design taken tional Development I.	itertwined in everything	g we do.	of curiosity and wonder	Communication and Language
Class 1	Drawing: Tell a Story Using storybook illustration as a stimulus, children develop their mark making skills to explore a wider range oftools and experiment with creating patterned surfaces to add texture and detail to drawings.	Sculpture and 3D: Clay houses Developing their ability to work with clay, children learn how to create simple thumb pots then explore the work of sculptor Rachel Whiteread and apply her ideas in a final piece that usestechniques such as cutting, shaping, joining and impressing into clay	artist Romare Beard their knowledge of textures in paint us create their own pa Bearden and use it theme suited to the	rom the collage workof den, children consolidate colour mixing and create ing different tools. They inted paper in the style of in a collage, linked to a fir topic or classwork.	piece of art that rep a map as their stimu techniques for work and at the end of th design ideas, choos	sign brief, children create a presents their local area using ulus. They learn three king creatively with materials le project, evaluate their ing the best tomeet the brief.
Class 2	Painting and Mixed Media: Prehistoric paintings Investigating making their own paints, making tools and painting on different surfaces, the children explore prehistoric art.	Drawing: Power prints Using everyday electrical items as a starting point, pupils develop an awareness of composition in drawingand combine media for effect when	be shaped and joir techniques used b	different materials can ned, learning about y artists as diverse as and SokariDouglas-	explore the beauty stunning visual art i	textile techniques, pupils of the naturalworld to create nspired by the striking d textures of rainforest

		developing a drawing into a print		
Class 3	Craft and Design: Photo opportunity Exploring photography as a medium for expressing ideas, pupils investigate scale and composition, colour and techniques for adapting finished images. They use digital media to design and create photographic imagery for a specific design brief.	Painting and MixedMedia: Artist StudyIdentifying an artistthat interests them,children researchthe life, techniquesand artisticintentions of thatindividual.Collecting ideas insketchbooks,planning for a finalpiece and workingcollaboratively,theyhave learnt about theartist.	Drawing: I need space Developing ideas more independently, pupils consider the purpose of drawings as they investigate how imagery was used in the 'Space race' that began in the 1950s. They combine collage and printmaking to create a piece in their own style	Sculpture and 3D: Making Memories Documenting their memories of their time at primary school, children select their favourite art and design skills andtechniques to design and create a 3D artwork to represent these memories.

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Exploring and developing ideas	and feelings through	questions about the starting points for	Say how other artist/craft maker/designer have used colour, pattern		different styles which	different styles which artists have used	Make a record about the styles and qualities in their work
		processes they have used.	Create a piece of work in response to	Explore work from other cultures Explore work from other periods of time	history	, 0	Say what their work is influenced by
Evaluating and developing work	resources and adapts work where Necessary. Children use what	Review what they and others have done and say what they think and feel about it.	creative work	order to improve it. Identify what they	own and others work, expressing thoughts and feelings explaining their views.	and reflect on their progress taking account of what they hoped to achieve.	Provide a reasoned evaluation of their own and professional work which takes account of the starting points, intentions and context behind the
	they have learnt about media and materials in original ways,		Identify what they might change in their current work/ future work.	might change in their current work/ future work.			work.

	thinking about uses and purposes.				develop it further.		
-	purpose	drawing *create moods in their drawings *draw using pencil and crayons * Use lines of different shapes and thickness	grades of pencil in their drawing (4B, 8B, HB) *use charcoal, pencil and pastels *create different tones using light and dark *show patterns and texture in their drawings	drawings *use their sketches to produce a final piece of work *write an	body language in their sketches *identify and draw simple objects, and use marks and lines to produce texture *organise line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement *show reflections *explain why they have chosen specific	simple objects, and use marks and lines to produce texture *use shading to create mood and feeling *organise line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement *show reflections *explain why they have chosen specific	different tools to create their drawings
-		* communicate something about themselves in		*predict with accuracy the colours that they mix	,	*create a range of moods in their paintings *express their	*explain what their own style is

	they mix colours. Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose	their painting *create moods in their painting *choose to use thick and thin brushes as appropriate *paint a picture of something they can see name the primary and secondary colours	*mix and match colours, predict outcomes *mix their own brown *make tints by adding white *make tones by adding black	*Know where each of the primary and secondary colours sits on the colour wheel *Create a background using a wash *use a range of brushes to create different effects	their paintings	through their	*use a wide range of techniques in their work *explain why they have chosen specific painting techniques
	Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.	*print with sponges, vegetables and fruit *print onto paper and textile *design their own printing block *create a repeating pattern	*create a print using pressing, rolling, rubbing and stamping *create a print like a designer	*make a printing block *make a 2 colour print	*create an accurate print design *print onto different materials	*print using a number of colours *create an accurate print design that meets a given criteria *print onto different materials	*overprint using different colours *look carefully at the methods they use and make decisions about the effectiveness of their printing methods
-	Experiments to create	*sort threads and fabrics	*join fabric using glue	*add onto their work to create			*justify the materials they have chosen

	different textures Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects	*group fabrics and threads by colour and texture *weave with fabric and thread *cut and tear paper and card for their collages *gather and sort the	*use different kinds of materials on their	, 0	of a project *use ceramic mosaic *combine visual and tactile qualities	e.g. hanging, textile book, etc this could include running stitch, cross stitch, backstitch, appliqué and/or embroidery *use ceramic mosaic to produce a piece of art *combine visual and	*combine pattern, tone and shape?
		materials they will need	why they have chosen them *use repeated patterns in their collage	*add texture to a piece of work *cut very accurately *overlap materials *experiment using different colours *use mosaic use montage		tactile qualities to express mood and emotion	
3D form	Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using.	*add texture by using tools *make different kinds of shapes *cut, roll and coil materials such as clay, dough or plasticine	*make a clay pot * join two finger pots together *add line and shape to their work	*work with life size materials *create pop-ups	materials and processes to design and make 3D form *sculpt clay and other mouldable	*experiment with and combine materials and processes to design and make 3D form *sculpt clay and other mouldable materials	*create models on a range of scales *create work which is open to interpretation by the audience *include both visual and tactile

							elements in their work
Breadth of Study	Explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.	range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their	makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between	viewpoints of others by looking at images	range of great artists, architects and designers in history.	to place them in key movements or historical events. Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work.	describe, interpret
	Artists:	Hundertwasser,	Artists:	Artists: Barbara Hepwth, Turner,	Artists: David Mellor, Claude Monet, Paul Cezanne, Henri Matisse,	Artists: Andy Warhol, Norman Rockwell, Jackson Pollock,	Artists: Banksy, Peter Hill, Joe Scarborough,

		Prehistoric art	David smith, Henry	Pete McKee, Melvyn
		(various artists)	Moore	Evans,

